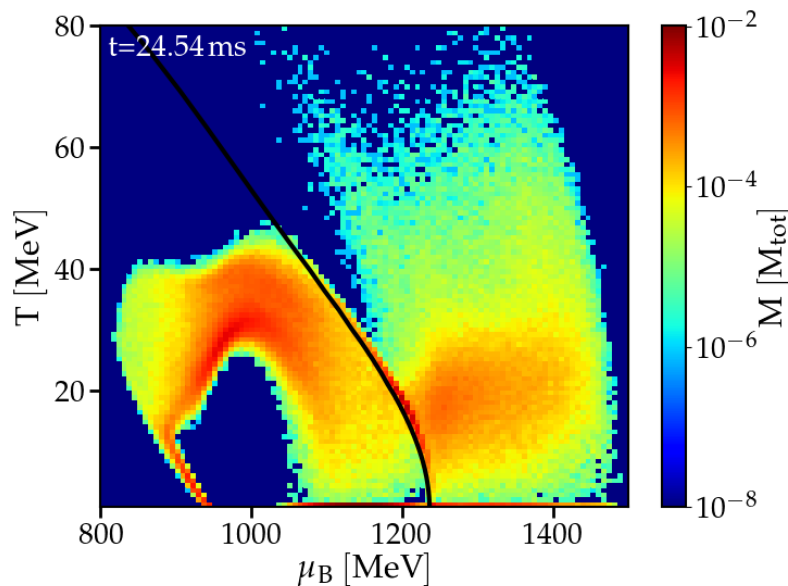
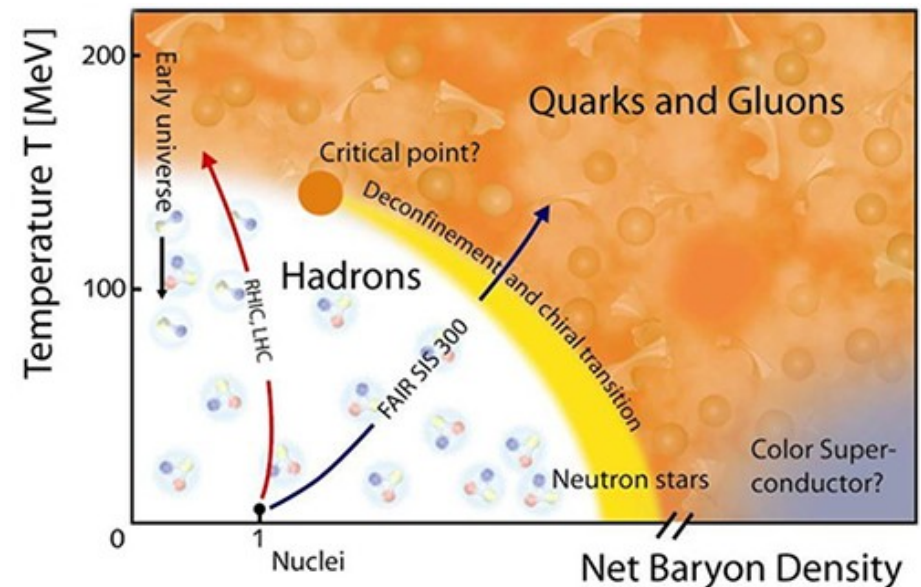


Postmerger GW emission and collapse behavior of NS mergers

Sebastian Blacker
Project B07



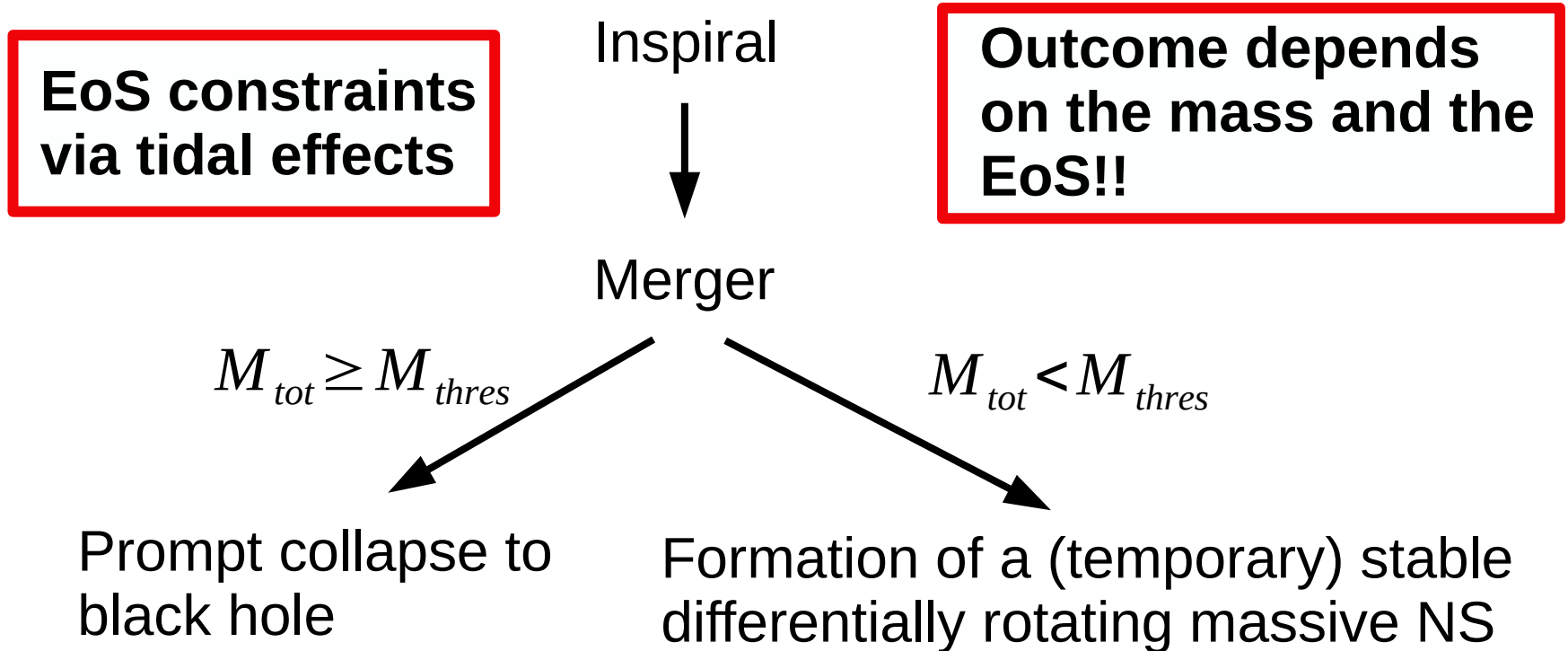
Blacker et al., PRD **102**, 123023 (2020)



GSII/FAIR

Neutron star merger

- GWs carry away energy and angular momentum
➔ Orbits decrease and NS will eventually merge



Merger snapshots

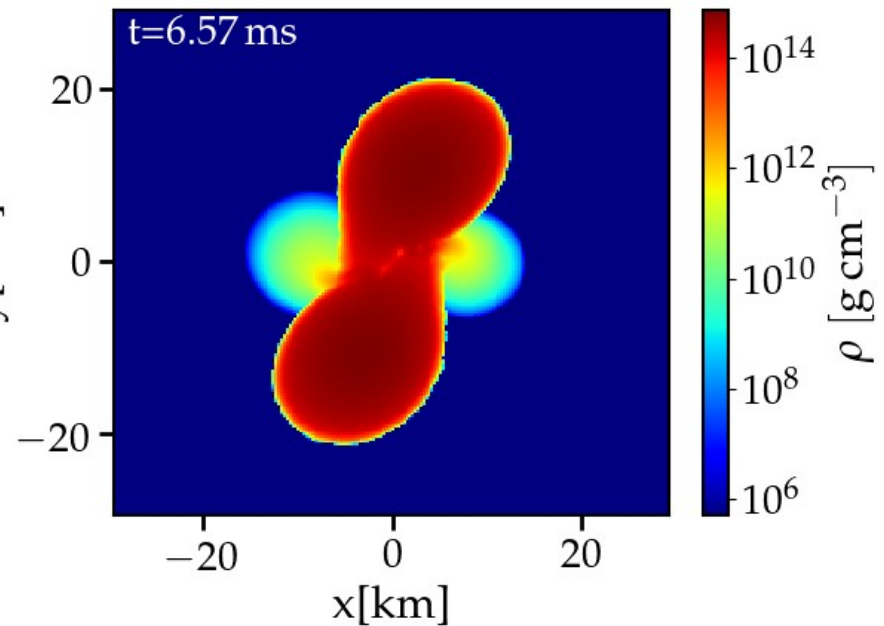
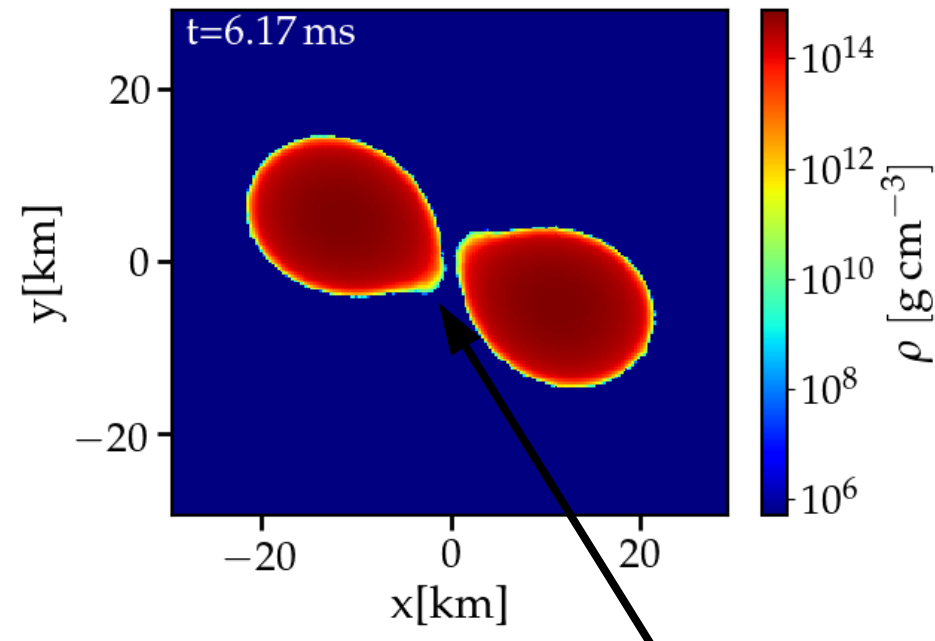
Blacker et al., PRD **102**, 123023 (2020)



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Late inspiral

Merger



Tidal effects Λ

Merger snapshots

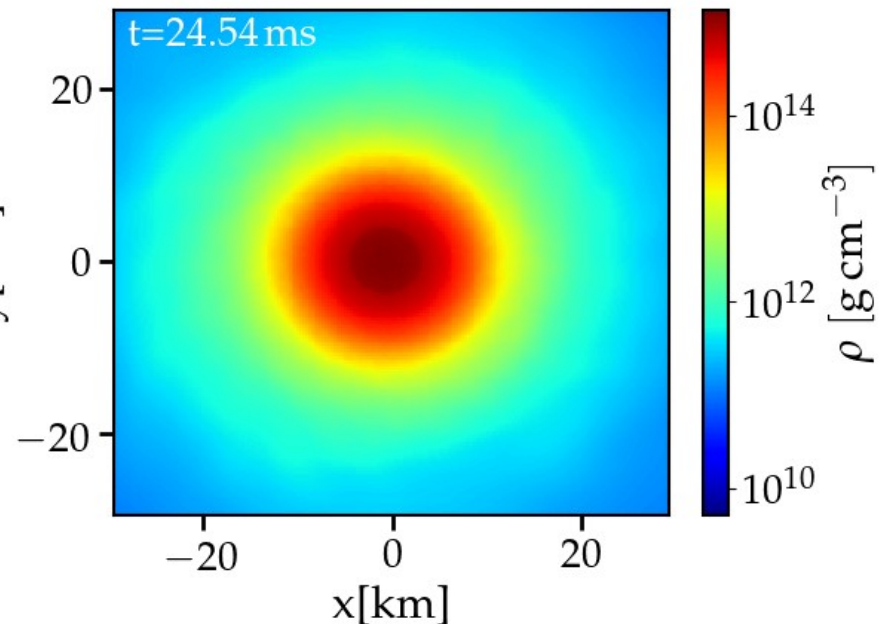
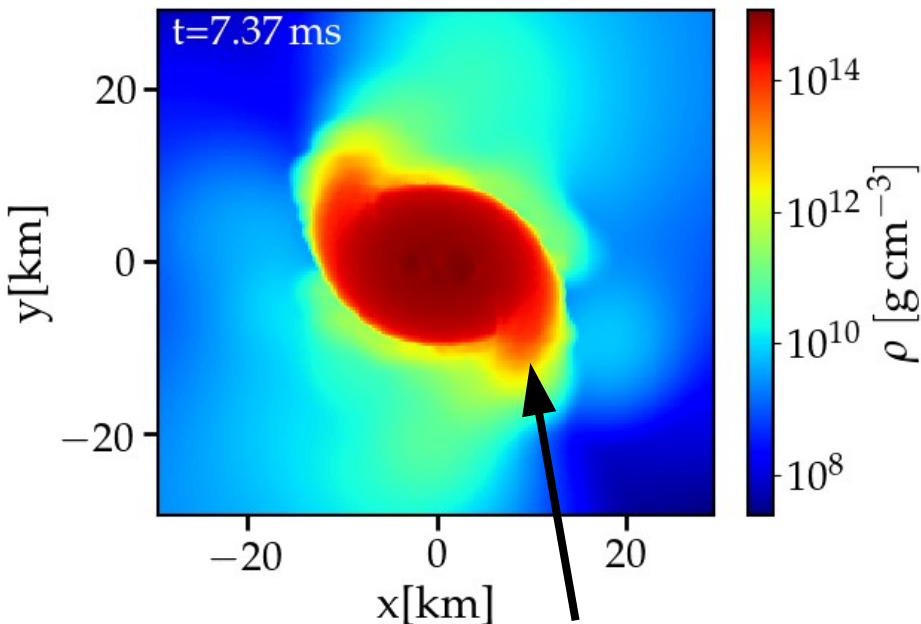
Blacker et al., PRD **102**, 123023 (2020)



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Early postmerger

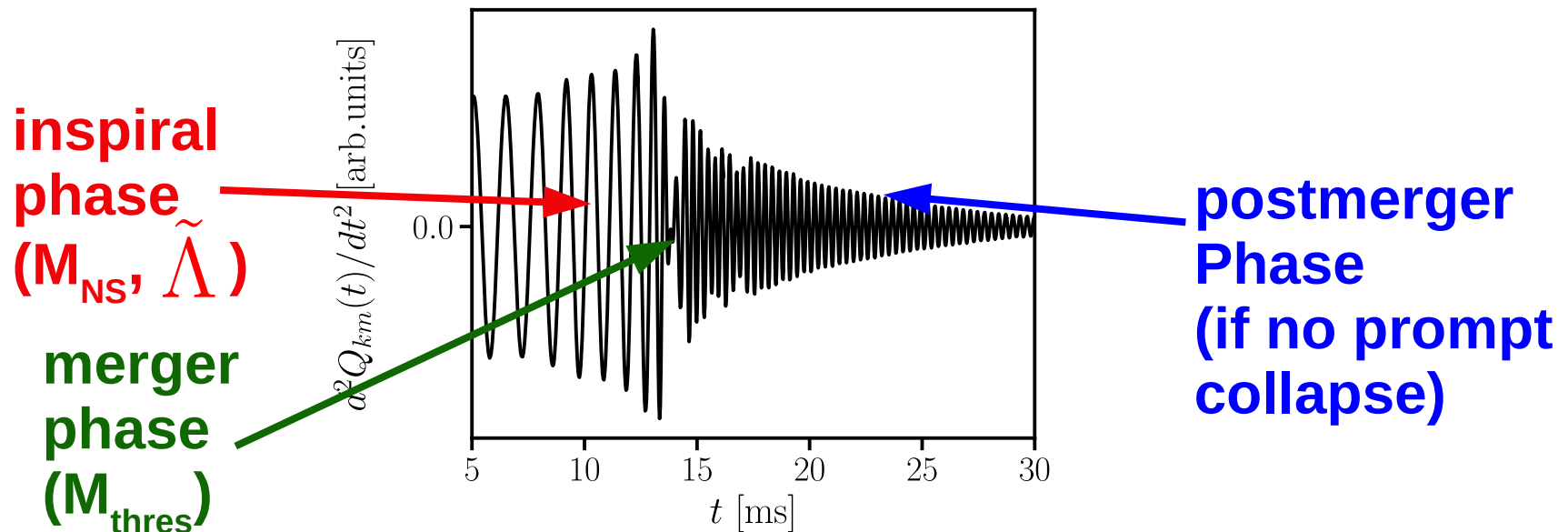
Late postmerger



Remnant distortions and oscillations

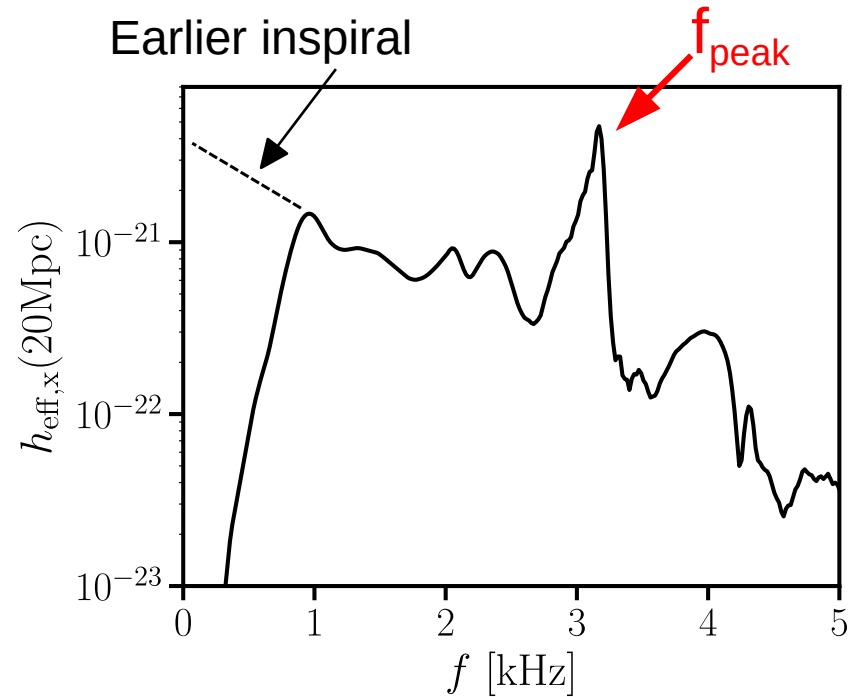
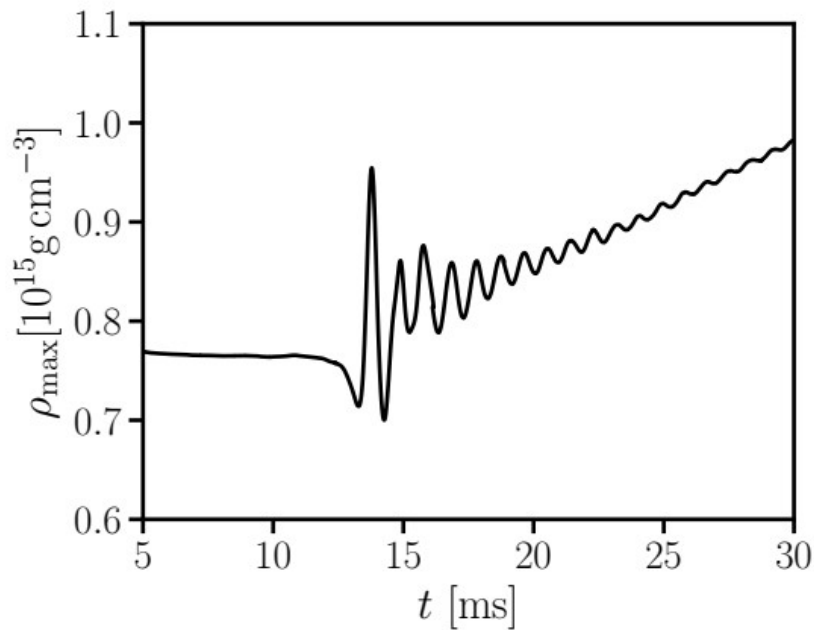
GW from neutron star mergers

- **3 phases:**
 - **Inspiral:** EoS constraints via tidal effects
 - **Merger:** EoS constraints via collapse behaviour
 - **Postmerger:** EoS constraints via remnant oscillations



GW spectra

- The remnant is (temporarily) stable and oscillates
➔ Produces a postmerger gravitational wave signal

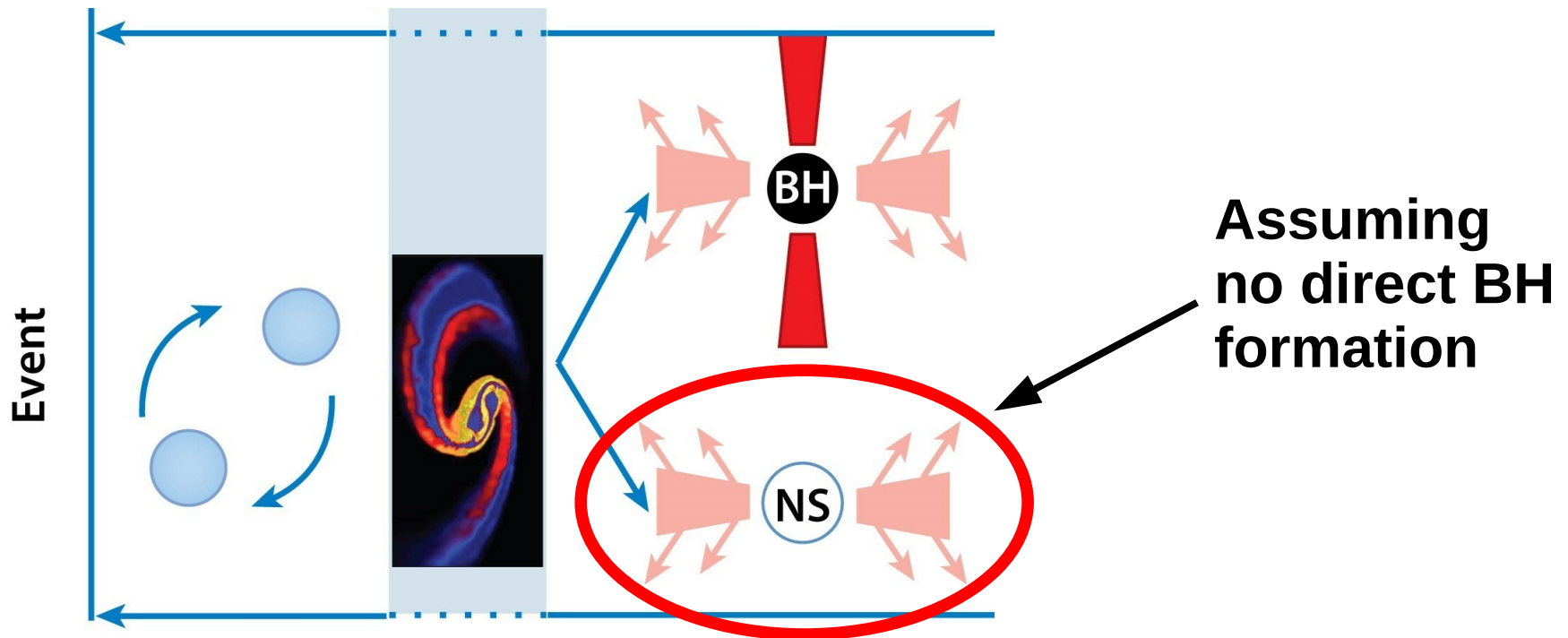


Oscillation frequency depends on EoS!

Constraining a strong phase transition

Bauswein et al., PRL **122**, 061102 (2019)

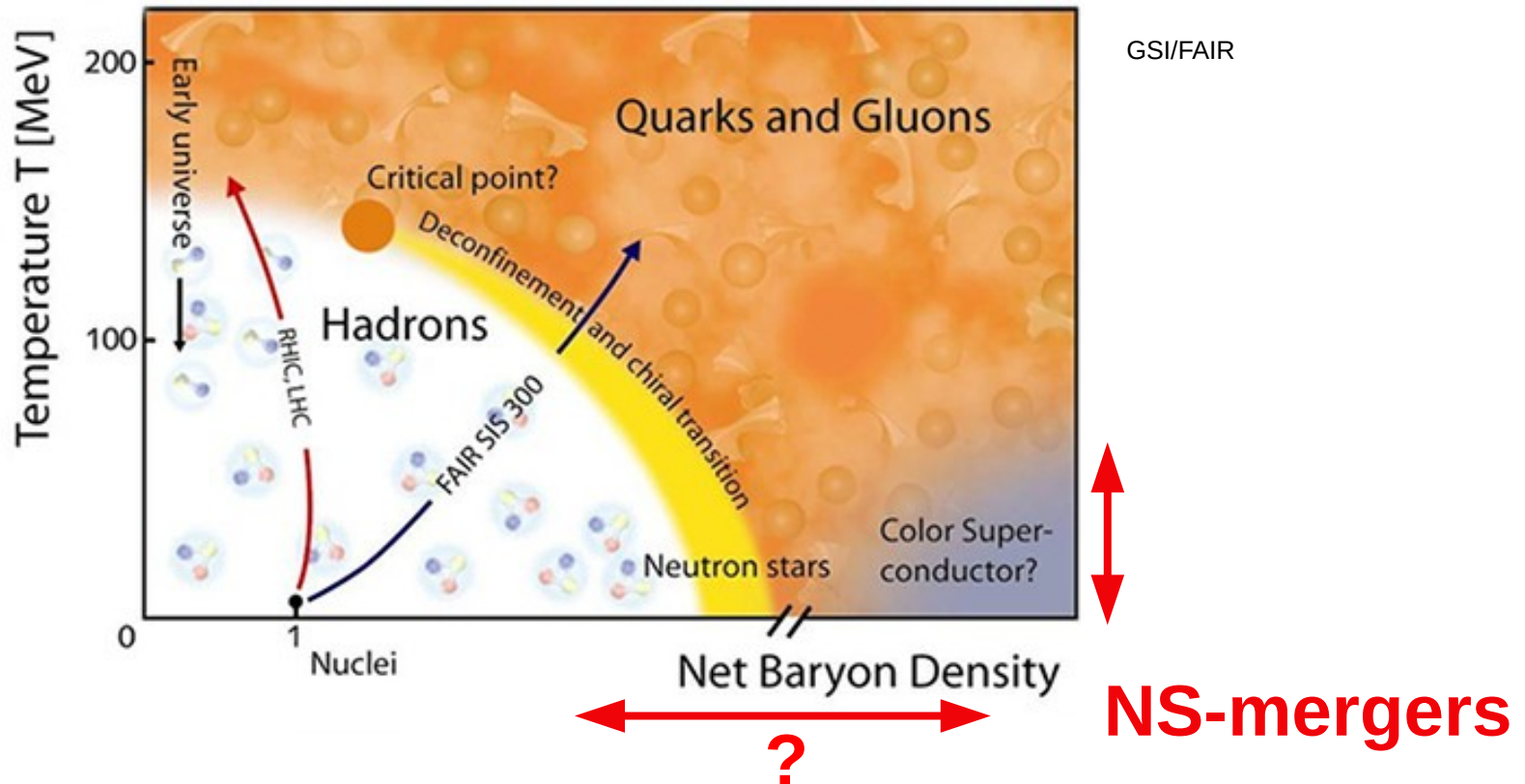
Blacker et al., PRD **102**, 123023 (2020)



Burns 2020, arXiv:1909.06085

Phase diagram of matter

- QCD predicts a phase transition from hadronic to deconfined quark matter, but at which density?



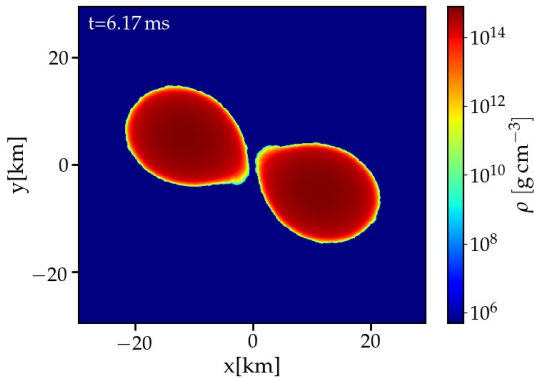
More Snapshots

Blacker et al., PRD **102**, 123023 (2020)

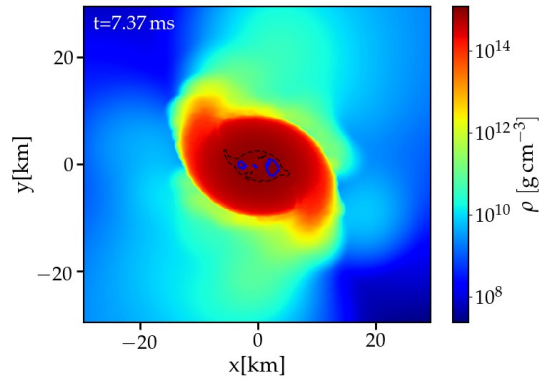


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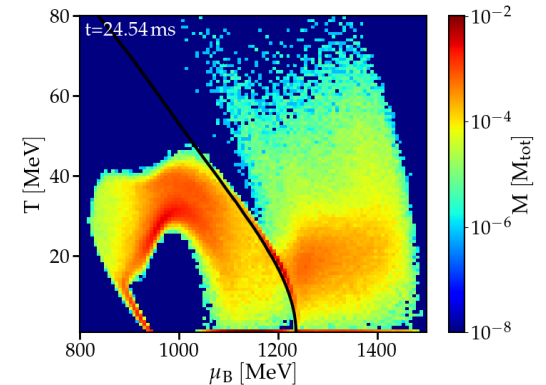
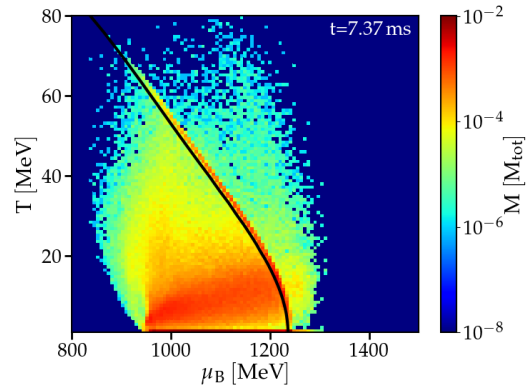
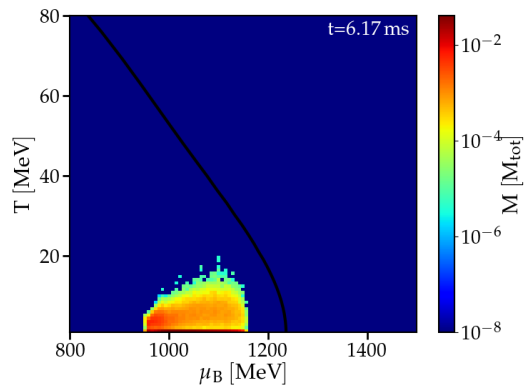
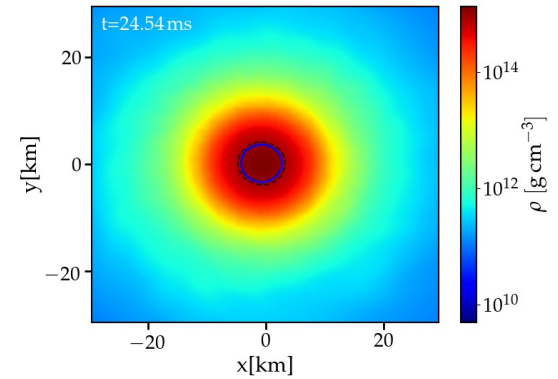
Inspiral



Early postmerger

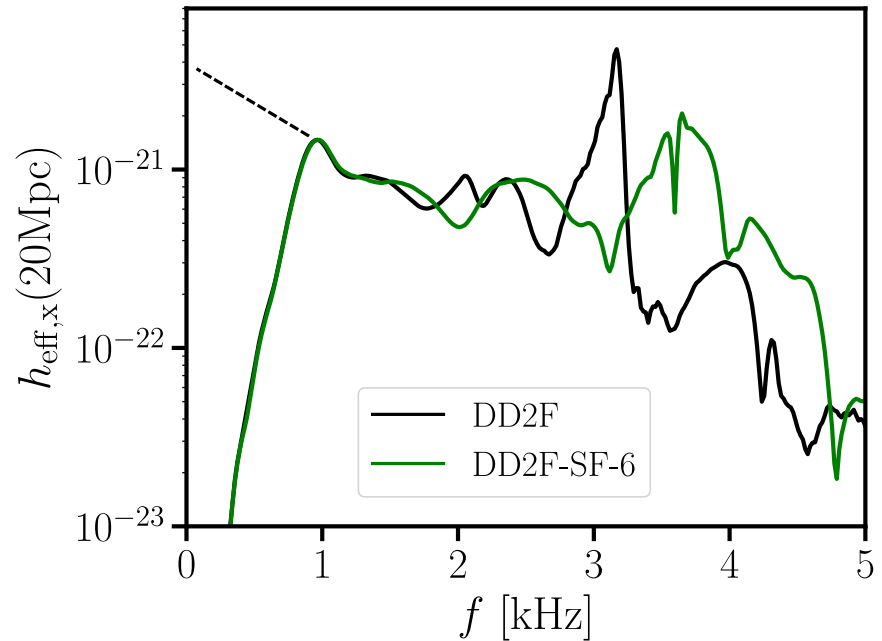
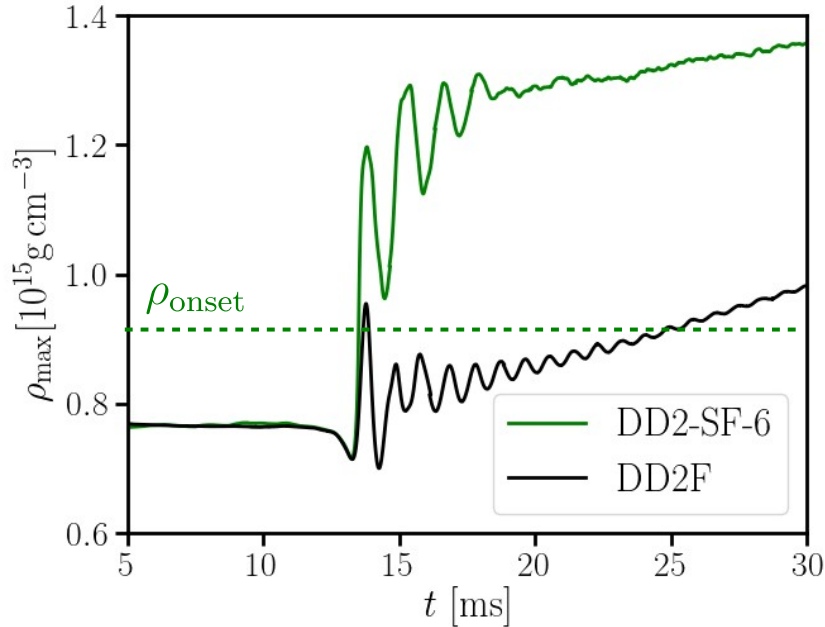


Late postmerger



Impact of 1st order phase transition

See Fischer et al. Nature Astronomy 2, 980-986 (2018),
Bastian, PRD 103, 023001 (2021) and references therein for underlying EOS model



High densities (frequencies) alone not unambiguous signature of a phase transition!

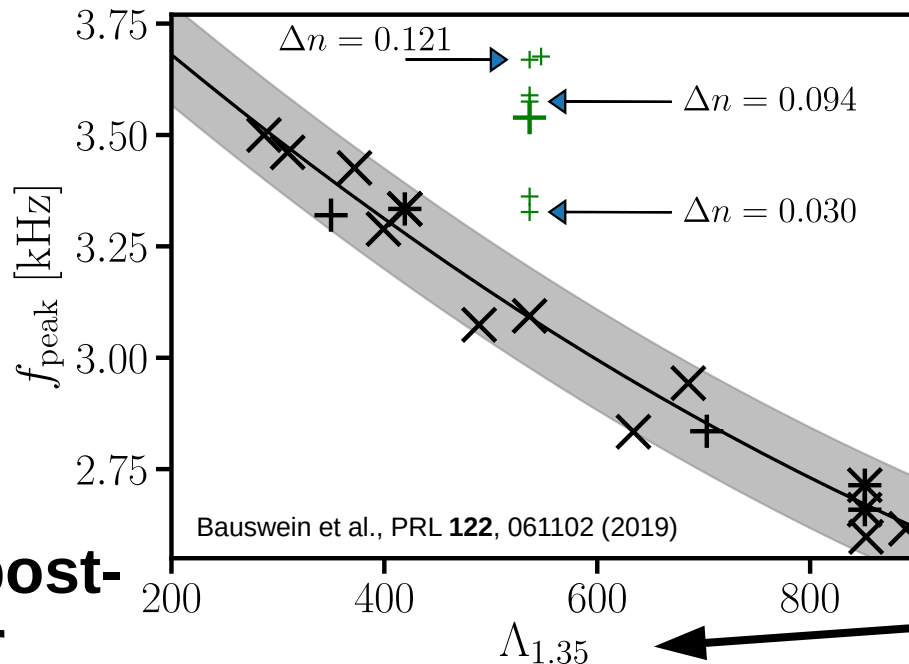
➔ Need behaviour different from all hadronic EoS

Impact of 1st order phase transition

Bauswein et al., PRL **122**, 061102 (2019)

- If the transitions happens during the merger:

➔ Inspiral signal will behave ‘hadronically’, while postmerger signal carries imprint of quark matter!!



- Feature of EoS with 1st order phase transition
- Size of deviation depends on density jump!

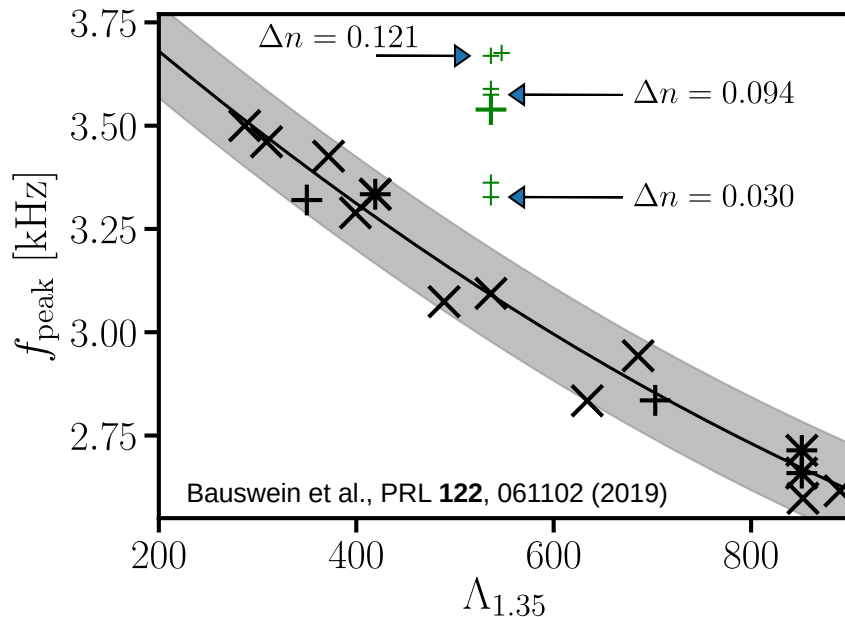
From post-merger

From inspiral

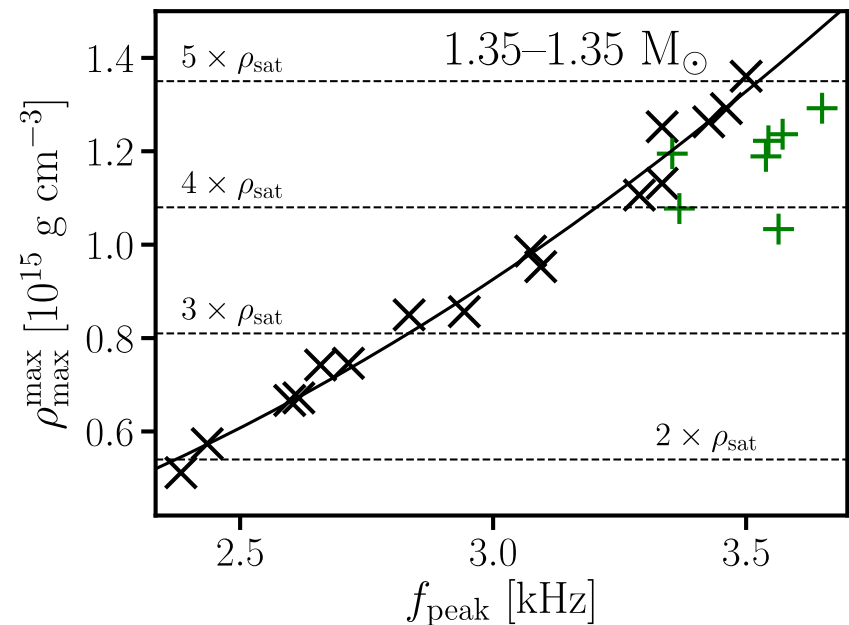
Can we constrain the onset density?

Blacker et al., PRD **102**, 123023 (2020)

- Use empirical relations to constrain the onset density of a possible phase transition



Blacker et al., PRD **102**, 123023 (2020)



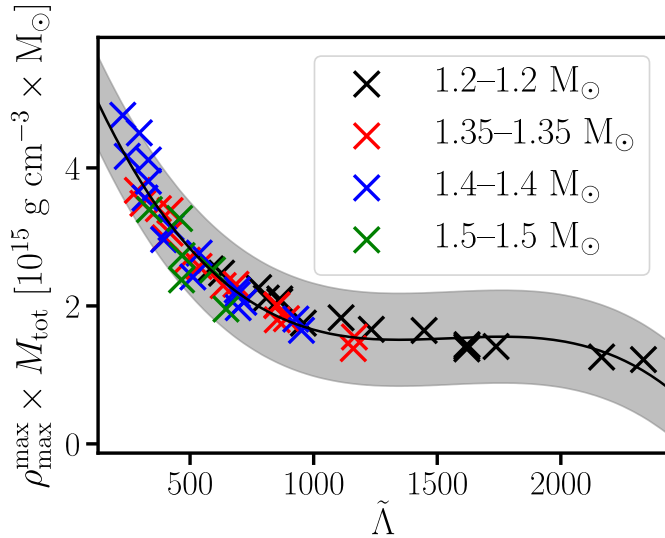
Is there a deviation?



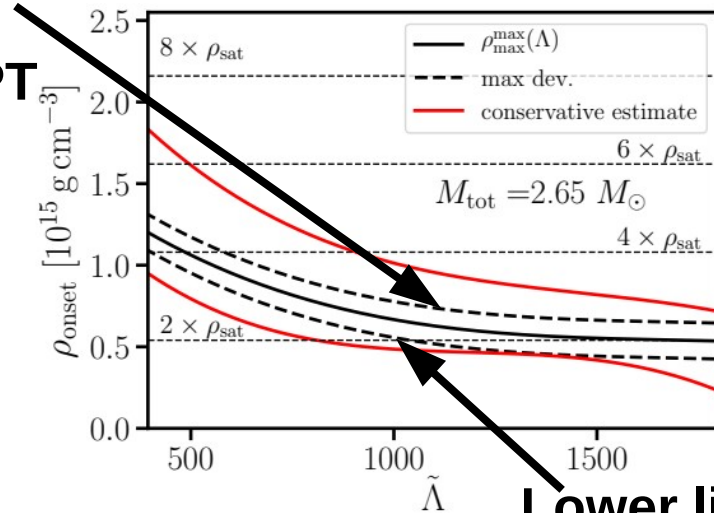
Which densities are present?

Can we constrain the onset density?

Blacker et al., PRD **102**, 123023 (2020)



**Upper limit
if clear
sign of PT**



**Lower limit if
no sign of PT**

Example GW170817:

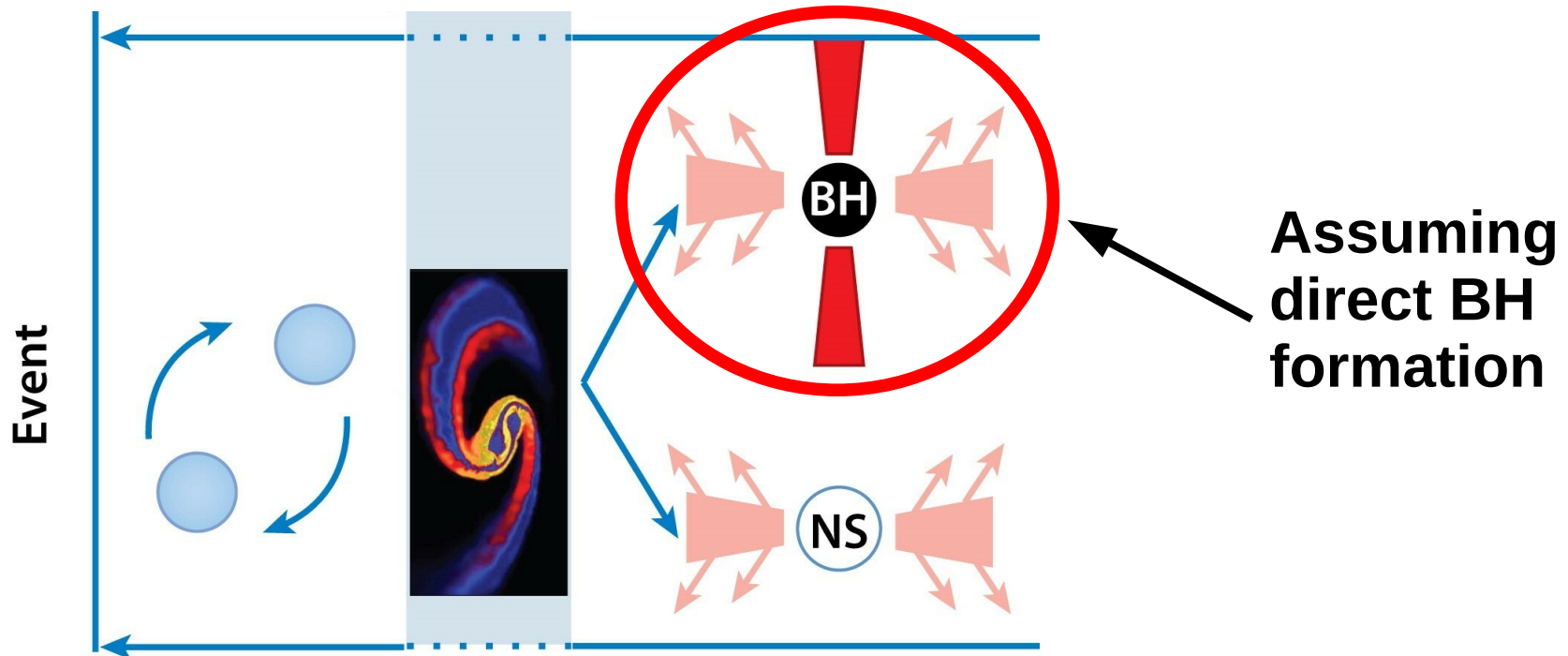
- No PT: Onset density $> 0.746 \times 10^{15} \text{ g/cm}^3$ ($\sim 2.76 \times \text{nuc. sat.}$)
- Clear PT: Onset density $< 1.230 \times 10^{15} \text{ g/cm}^3$ ($\sim 4.56 \times \text{nuc. sat.}$)

See also Lioutas et al. 2021 (arXiv:2102.12455) for updated relations

Systematics of direct BH formation in NS mergers

Bauswein et al., PRL **125**, 141103 (2020)

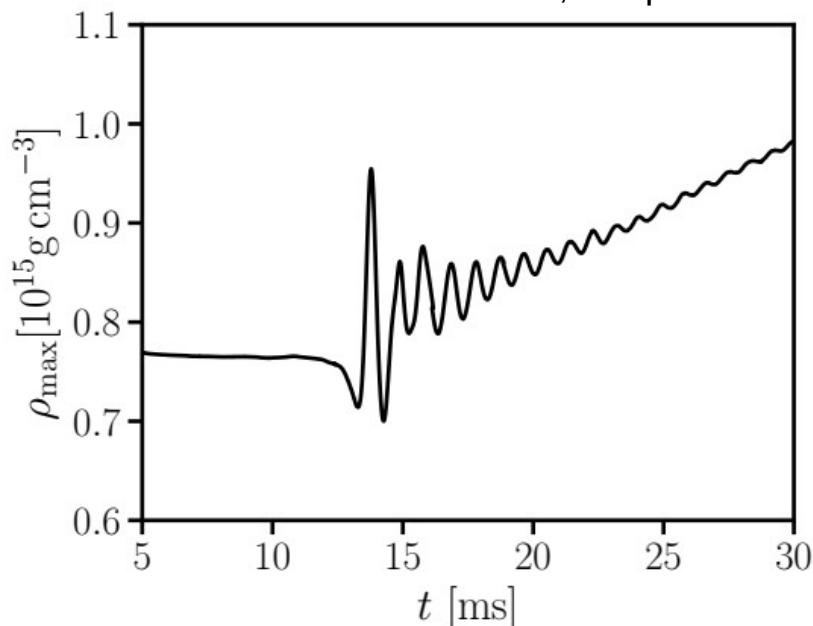
Bauswein et al., arXiv:2010.04461 (2020), submitted to PRD



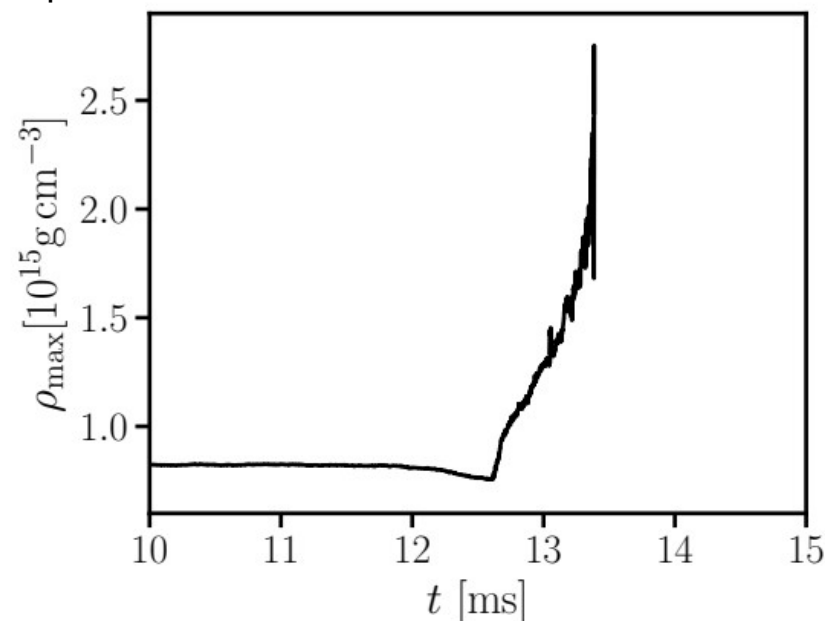
Burns 2020, arXiv:1909.06085

Threshold mass for prompt BH formation

- Direct BH formation
 ➡ No postmerger density oscillations (**measurable!**)
- $M_{\text{thres}} = 0.5 * (M_{\text{min, collapse}} + M_{\text{max, no collapse}})$



VS

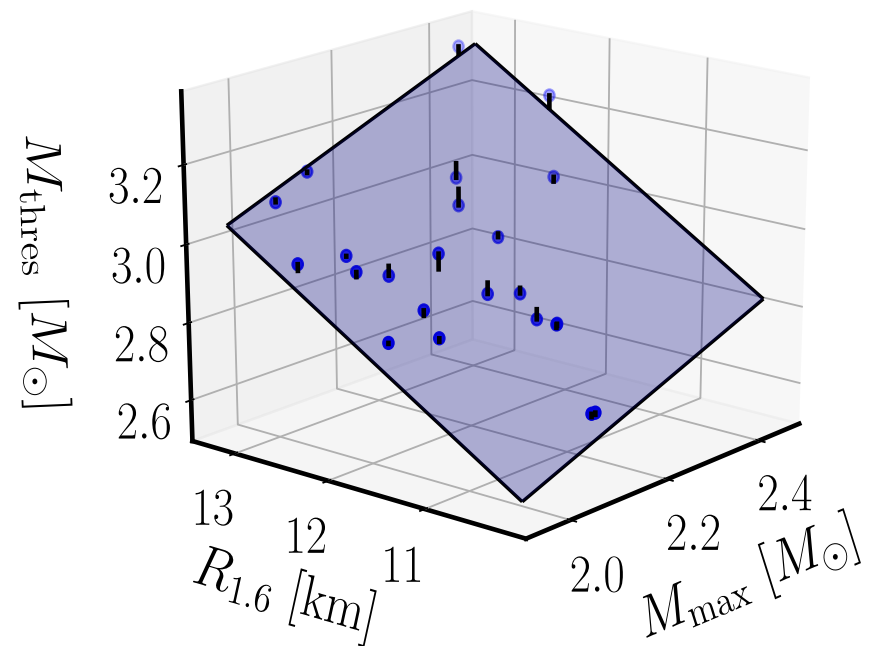
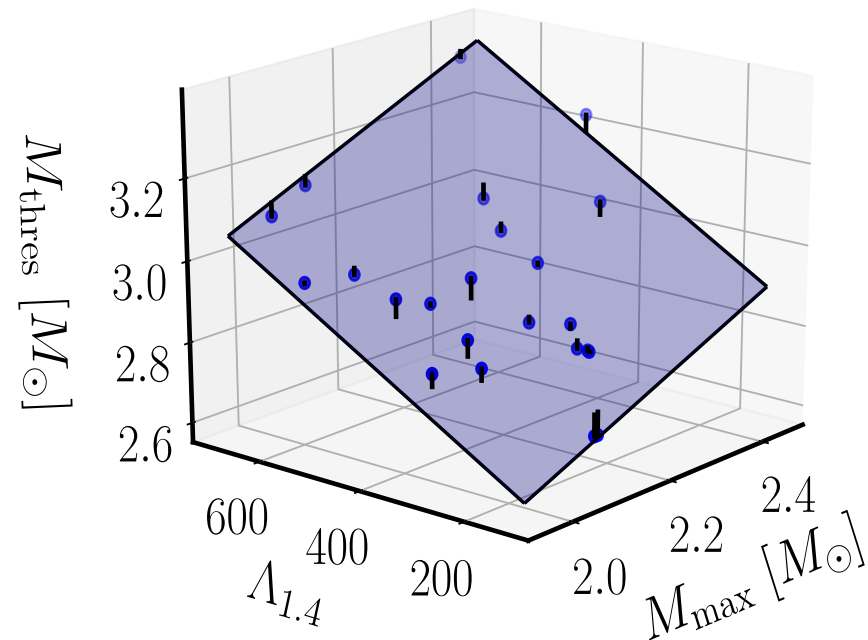


Determined for 40 EoS models and 3 different mass ratios

Relations for M_{thres}

Bauswein et al., arXiv:2010.04461 (2020)

- Tight expressions (fixed mass ratio q)

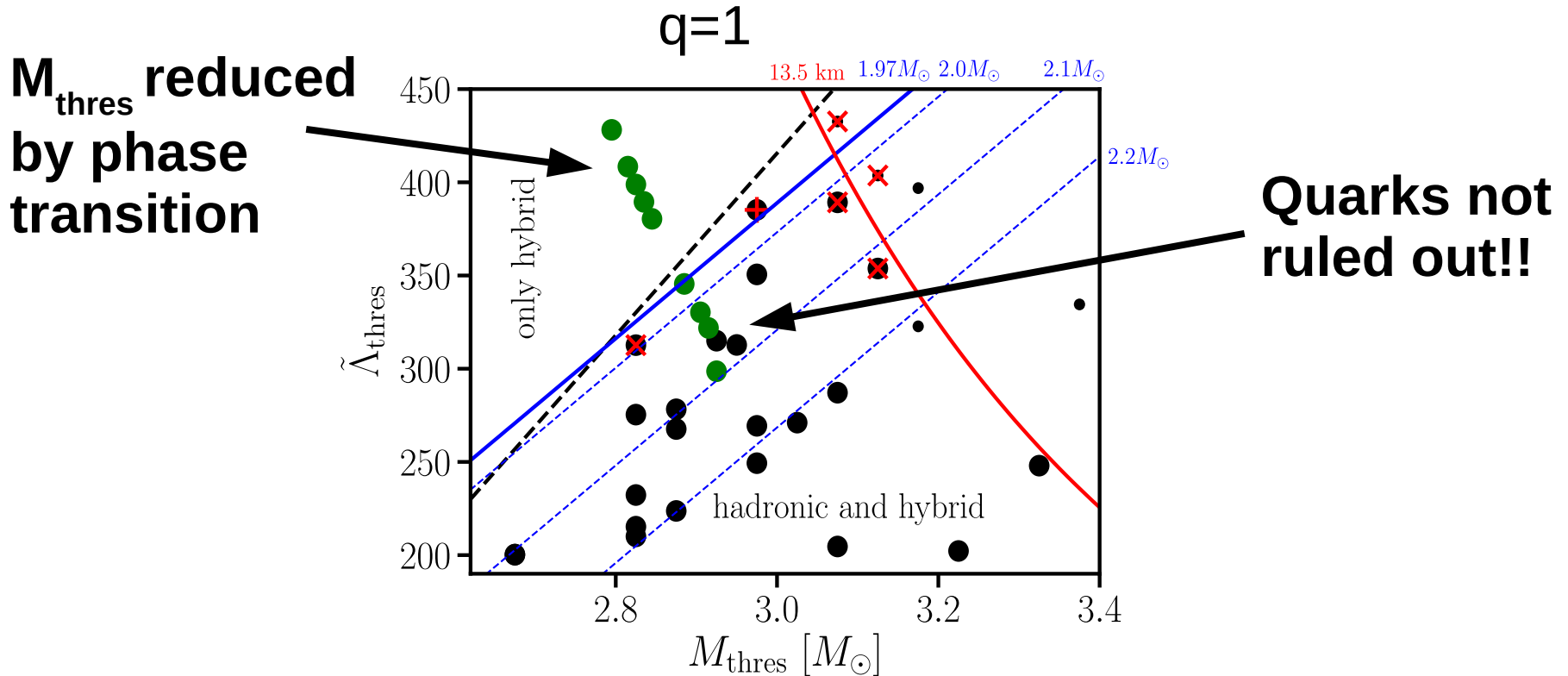


Measurement of M_{thres} provides additional constraints on neutron star properties

Example GW170817 : $R_{1.6} > 10.56$ km

A new signature of a phase transition

Bauswein et al., arXiv:2010.04461 (2020)



PT can lower M_{thres} compared to the corresponding tidal deformability. But exclusion of quarks not possible!

Summary

- **GW from NS mergers give constraints on the EoS via**
 - Inspiral phase (tidal effects)
 - Merger phase (collapse behavior, M_{thres})
 - Postmerger phase (remnant oscillations, f_{peak})
- **Signals of a phase transition are**
 - Deviations from empirical relation between tidal deformability and f_{peak}
 - Constraints on the onset density possible from GWs
 - Potentially reduced M_{thres} (with increased threshold tidal deformability)
- **M_{thres} informs about neutron star properties**

Thank you for your attention!!